

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY DECEMBER 28.

BLAINE'S CHIPPING OUT.

After the issues of the campaign have been laid aside, the people are beginning to think about other matters of special importance at this time. The other day Senator Edmunds offered the following resolution in the Senate.

That the government of the United States will look with serious concern and disapproval upon any connection of any European government with the construction or control of any ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien or across Central America, and that, regard less of such connections or control as injurious to the just rights or interests of the United States and as a menace to its welfare; that the president be requested to communicate his expression of the views of congress to the governments of the countries of Europe.

There is nothing particularly new in the foregoing resolution. It is a good resolution. It is good enough for the first day of January. But there is this about it. It is Blaine's. One paper notes this fact that Mr. Edmunds is moving forward and occupying Mr. Blaine's old camping ground, and that even the democrats have sufficiently recovered from the state of "Jingoism" to pitch its tents on the same premises without a suspicion of nervousness or apprehension.

So what the anti-Blaine republicans opposed a few years ago, and what the democrats fought because it came from Mr. Blaine, is now held as a good thing, and both parties favor it. This shows that Mr. Blaine is further reaching for his vision than most public men, although he is not wise in all things, he is great in his foreign policy.

THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE ASSEMBLY.

We understand that there are many members-elect to the assembly who are urging the election of the Hon. Merritt Clarke Ring, of Neillsville, to the position of speaker. It is very proper to say that among the several candidates for the speakership there is not one who is better qualified for the office than Mr. Ring. He is not only a good lawyer, but a fine public speaker and an excellent parliamentarian.

It will be interesting to the readers of the Gazette to know that Mr. Ring is a native of Rock county. He was born at Milton in 1850. He received a high school education and was graduated from the Wisconsin law school in 1873.

In young boyhood he lived at Coopersville, and afterwards moved to Sparta, and in 1873 he settled at Neillsville, where he has since resided. In 1884 he was elected to the state senate and served one term. His election to the assembly will give that body a member of special fitness for the speakership. Mr. Ring is not only a gentleman of culture and ability, but one of commanding presence and popular among all persons who know him.

That Mr. Ring will make a good speaker there is no doubt. He has every qualification necessary to insure a successful administration of that office. It is hoped in view of these facts, that he will receive the vote of all the republican members from southern Wisconsin. Their votes given to Mr. Ring would result in a splendid service to the assembly. They would honor themselves as well as honoring the popular branch of the legislature.

The protection democrats of Birmingham, Alabama, who recently called on General Harrison are, of course, abased by the stick-in-the-mud southern Bourbon papers like the Richmond State. But its neighbor, the Birmingham Whig, democrat, takes a more hopeful tone. It says: "Although efforts are being made to divert the significance of this movement, we believe it is destined to grow and develop into imposing proportions in the near future. There are a great many practical business men in the south deeply interested in its industrial development, who are tired of partisan politics, and like the gentlemen from Birmingham, they care not what name an administration is called, provided it will give the peace and quietude to the country and promote and aid the development of our natural resources." The protection leaves no working in the south to a considerable extent, and the better class of democrats threaten to break the solid south by supporting the republican doctri ne of protection.

It is a good thing for the republicans of New York that the Graphic of that city has changed hands and is now under control of republicans. Mr. Henry L. Stoddard, with a syndicate having bought it. Hereafter the paper will be republican in politics, and as Mr. Stoddard is to have editorial charge it is entirely probable that the Graphic's tone will favor of the aggressives. Mr. Stoddard is well known in New York newspaper circles as the possessor of a wide-varied and valuable acquaintance, an interesting style as a writer, and a fund of energy and enterprise that has seldom failed of happy results. He was for years the New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, and since he resigned that position has done much work of the first class for a number of the most prominent newspapers of the country.

Again the people of Massachusetts have voted on the license question. The total vote of the twenty-five cities last year was 142,278, and the minor men won by only 11,728 votes. This year 148,108 ballots were cast in these cities, an increase of only 5,820. But the liquor men increased their support from 77,001 to 89,516, while the anti-license party fell from 65,228 to 58,443. The liquor people carried only fifteen of the twenty-five cities in 1887, but they carried nineteen of them in November. These facts tend strongly in the direction, as similar to persons tend all over the land, of

showing that the liquor organizations are working with such effectiveness as to make prohibition farther off every year.

HE MAY NOT SIGN IT.
A VETO OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL PROBABLE.
THE PRESIDENT SO INTIMATES.
PESSIMISTS ANXIOUS TO SECURE ADVANTAGEOUS COMMERCIAL COMPACTS WITH AMERICA.—A SPANISH OUTRAGE REPORTED—OTHER NEWS.
LIKELY TO BE VETOED.

The woman's democratic club has invited Mrs. Cleveland to become an honorary member of that organization. She has not yet signified her desire to accept. It would seem that Mrs. Cleveland and her husband have had about all they want in Wisconsin democratic clubs during the past campaign.

We are told through the newspapers that Mr. Vilas will not go to New York to practice law after the 4th of March. In view of the flatness of the administration with which he has been so prominently connected, he thinks it best not to go among the big men of New York.

One paper suggests that one thing about the next administration is settled, that General Harrison will select his own cabinet, and that he will sit at the head of the table.

RIOT IN DAKOTA.
A CROWD OF RUSSIANS AND AMERICANS OVERLAW THE POSSESSION OF A GOVERNMENT AND A NUMBER OF THEM ARE BADLY HURT.
SCOTT CITY, Ia., Dec. 28.—A serious riot occurred Thursday morning near Tripp, D. T., between Russian Miners and Americans.

A public sale was held at the farm of a Russian Miners and Americans.

Many miners purchased a double shotgun. He told them in point and put them in his wagon, but when he was ready to go home he found that two had been stolen. He complained to Stoddard, who told him to take something else of equal value. He caught a goose and started home, but was soon overtaken by a party of eight miners, who claimed the goose was their property. They told him that at that moment others to the scene, and soon a general fight began, in which about twenty men were engaged. Two brothers, George and Johnson, came to the assistance of the Americans, who were outnumbered two to one. Drawing knives the Johnson boys rushed among the Russians, but found the onlookers too numerous. They fled. Two miners were stabbed, and one was nearly killed, inflicting fatal injuries. George Johnson had his right arm broken by a blow from the neck-yoko, and three Russians were cut, but none fatally. When the Americans found that the crowd was too big for them they withdrew, taking two of the miners with them. One of the miners was shot in the head, and the distance not too great—twenty-two days' journey. Why should not a large trade be carried on between the two countries in American vessels?

WANTS TO TRADE WITH US.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—In an interview with the Persian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Glazebone, the purpose of the King in sending a Minister to Persia to make commercial compacts to the interest of both countries. Your Minister to Persia had encouraged us to take this step, and we hope to open up a mutual and friendly intercourse with our two countries.

We would rather American enterprisers had profit in the development of our railroads and telegraph than that they fall into the hands of nations in rivalry with us. You must have our products and we must have yours. We want your products and have them indirectly at greater expense. You might as well buy directly from us and sell directly to us. Our merchants are ready to carry their goods to you, and you are ready to buy them from us. And your people are ready to buy the products offered by our merchants and inventors. We make shawls, rugs, carpets, silk, velvets and woolens, such as can not be had except from Persia.

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Washington, Dec. 28.—The Clark of the War and Moana Committee, Mr. Talbot, has been set to work to get up information relating to the Senate bill, part of which is for the use of the Senate in attacking the bill between January 2 and 31 and part for use in the House a little later. Preparations are active for a determined fight upon the bill in the Senate within the limited time fixed for debate. Some Democratic Senators are strong enough to think they can defeat the measure in the Senate by a square vote. This bill is not very generally entertained and the Democrats in the House expect certainly to defeat the bill there. No meeting has been held to consider the policy to be followed, except that informally the Democrats have come to the understanding that when the bill comes to the House they will not vote to defeat it.

THE SPANISH TARIFF.

Washington, Dec. 28.—The Clark of the War and Moana Committee, Mr. Talbot, and Senator Spooner of Wisconsin, was at the Grand Pacific Thursday on his way home. He said the Senate Tariff bill and amendments would be taken up on the 28th by agreement and he expected it to be disposed of by both houses of Congress during the pending session. The bill is not yet a final product of the Senate, and the distance not too great—twenty-two days' journey. Why should not a large trade be carried on between the two countries in American vessels?

WILL FIGHT THE SENATE TARIFF BILL.

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POST OFFICE.

The closing of mail from February 25, 1885 until further notice will be as follows:
 Milwaukee, Marion, Whitewater, Elkhorn, Monroe, Brookfield, Beloit, and Rockford, via Milwaukee, 9:00 a.m.; Milwaukee, Winona, Custer, and Cedar Rapids—(west of Dubuque, Ia.), 11:40 a.m.; Chicago, Winona, Madison, and Rock Island—west, Chicago and Rock Island—west, Chicago and Winona via Madison, 12:00 p.m.; Chicago and Eastern via Atchison, 1:40 p.m.; Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien, west, and Dakotah, Milton, Lodi, Con- and Yellow, 2:00 p.m.; Milwaukee, 4:30 p.m.; Milwaukee and Durango, 5:30 p.m.; Elko and Winnemucca, 6:30 p.m.; Chicago and the Crosses—West and Waterford, 8:00 p.m.; OVENLAND.

Emerald Grove and Fairfield, 8:00 p.m.; Johnston and Richland, 8:00 p.m.; Winona and Madison, 8:00 p.m.; Winona and Madison, by express will be made at the hour designated upon the card addressed to each mail office.

MONTEZUMA DEPARTMENT.

The attorney of the public is retained and responsible for the use of the Money Order system, as a prompt, cheap and safe method of transmitting small sums of money. The fees for the use of the Money Order system are as follows:

Orders not exceeding \$5, five cents.

Orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$15, 10 cents.

Orders exceeding \$15 and not exceeding \$30, 20 cents.

Orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40, 25 cents.

Orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50, 30 cents.

Orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$80, 35 cents.

Orders exceeding \$80 and not exceeding \$100, 40 cents.

OFFICE HOURS.

For delivery of mail, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Money Order department, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sunday for delivery of mail, from 12 to 1 p.m.

CLARENCE L. CLARK, P.M.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & Northwest. Train at Janesville Station.

DET.

For Chicago, 12:55 A.M.

For Milwaukee, 1:15 P.M.

For Madison, 1:30 P.M.

For Winona, 1:45 P.M.

For Beloit, 2:00 P.M.

For Cedar Rapids, 2:15 P.M.

For Waterloo, 2:30 P.M.

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